



Putting Realistic Numbers into Wine's Story



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WEA NZ CONFERENCE
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Outline

-  Context and background
 - Food miles,
 - NZ Merino,
 - Sustainable Winegrowing New Zealand

-  Building reports from the grower & winery up
 - Individualised reporting
 - The industries performance



Outline

- 🌀 Aspirational goals
 - Realistic
 - The dilemma
- 🌀 Energy, aspirational goals
- 🌀 Where do the stories go next?
 - Origin Green, Ireland
 - The New Zealand Sustainability Dashboard



Context



Why choose Anchor Butter that's shipped frozen



when you can choose Country Life?

Before Anchor Butter reaches your table it's frozen and shipped over 11,000 miles from New Zealand.



Country Life, however, is made with milk from British farms and is proud to carry the Red Tractor logo for food standards. So why choose anything else?



Food Miles - Comparative Energy/Emissions Performance of New Zealand's Agriculture Industry

Caroline Saunders
Andrew Barber
Greg Taylor

Research Report No. 285
July 2006



CHRISTCHURCH
NEW ZEALAND
www.lincoln.ac.nz



Lincoln
University
Te Hōkai Whānau e Aranga!





There is increasing demand on land to produce food and fuel to protect the environment.

System for calculating carbon footprint flawed

FARMERSWEEKLY * 16 MARCH 2007

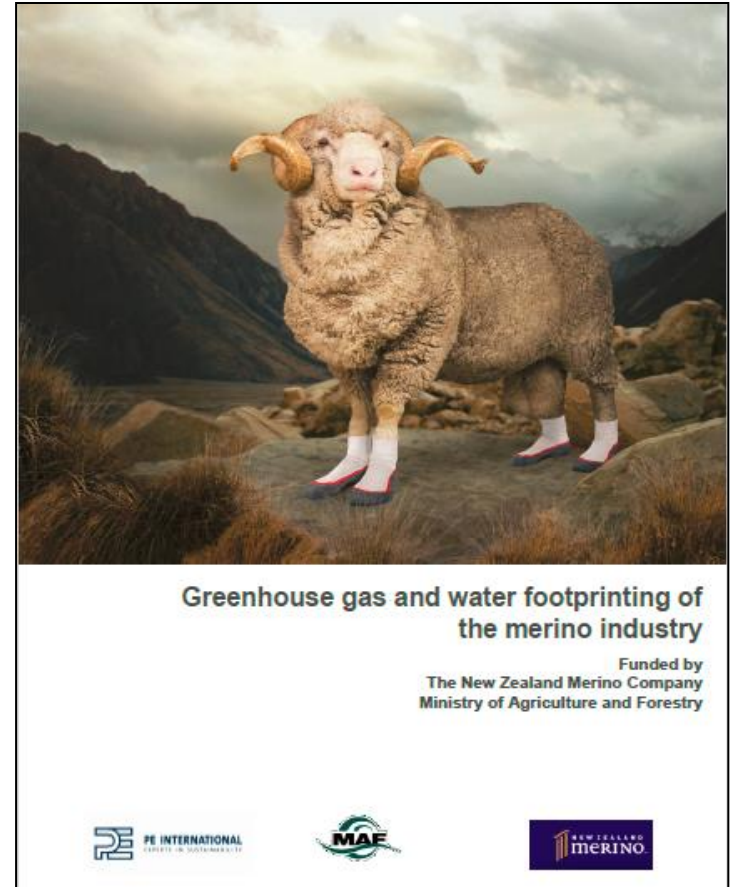
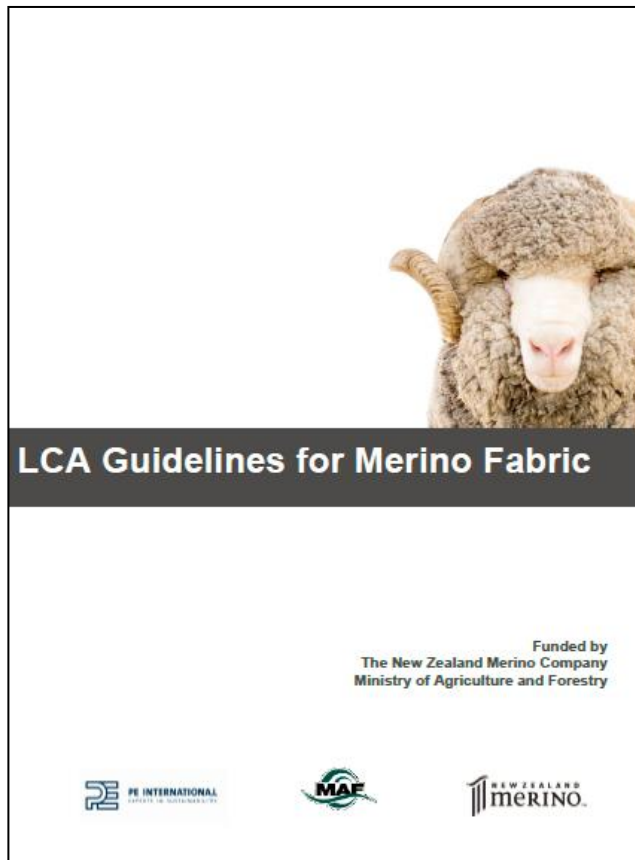






Merino's numbers

 Show me the evidence



New Zealand Wine

🌀 Isn't afraid to throw round their own pictures



Substance behind the pictures



Pillars of sustainability

Comprehensive scorecard

Creating a Sustainable Legacy





Data Entry / Data Entry

07/15-06/16

1102

Questions for **all sub-periods** in **07/15-06/16**
 - W6 - Energy Use -
 for

- 2 ██████████
- 3 Hawkes Bay (7122)
- 4 ██████████
- 5 Groupings
- 5 W0B - Administration ...
- 5 W0C - Production Infor...
- 5 W1 - Key Documents
- 5 W2 - Water Management
- 5 W3 - Waste Water Man...
- 5 W4 - By-product Mana...
- 5 W5 - Management, Han...
- 5 **W6 - Energy Use**
- 5 W7 - Biodiversity Enhan...
- 5 W8 - Sustainable Wine...
- 5 W0A - Scorecard Decla...

6.4a. Monthly electricity records

Details	Value	Unit	Quality	Submit...
July	9,147	kWh	n.a.	<input type="checkbox"/>
August	8,007	kWh	n.a.	<input type="checkbox"/>
September	8,618	kWh	n.a.	<input type="checkbox"/>
October	9,414	kWh	n.a.	<input type="checkbox"/>
November	13,011	kWh	n.a.	<input type="checkbox"/>
December	9,063	kWh	n.a.	<input type="checkbox"/>
January	12,669	kWh	n.a.	<input type="checkbox"/>
February	11,241	kWh	n.a.	<input type="checkbox"/>
March	10,291	kWh	n.a.	<input type="checkbox"/>
April	14,192	kWh	n.a.	<input type="checkbox"/>
May	14,356	kWh	n.a.	<input type="checkbox"/>
June	13,644	kWh	n.a.	<input type="checkbox"/>



Reporting

- 🌀 Focused on building reporting from the grower and winery up
- 🌀 1. Demand
- 🌀 2. That is the level for action and change



Individualised reporting

Winery Water Report

Winery Summary

Vintage	2013
Winery name	Winery A
Winery ID	Hidden
Winery type	Crush to bottling & Crush to finished wine
Winery size	200k - 1m L
Region	Hidden

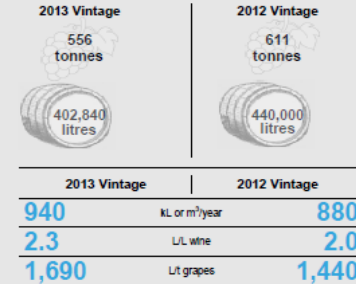
Our point of view:

Sector water use decreased from 2.6 L/L wine in 2011 to 2.2 L/L in 2013.

Large variations between wineries suggests opportunities for improvement.

An excellent best practice guide can be found at www.waterwiki.org/wiki/bin/view/Articles/WaterManagementinWineries_BH.

1 Quantity of production and winery water use



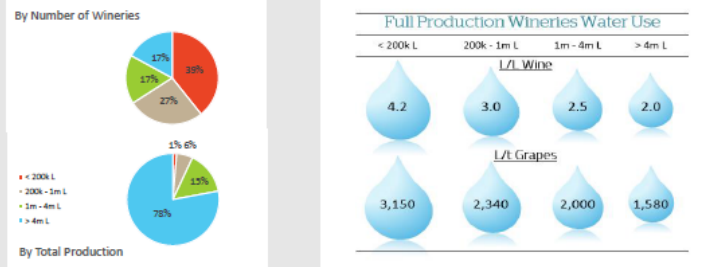
2 Number of Full Production Wineries



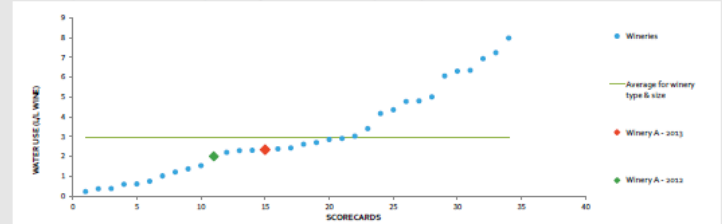
3 Winery Comparisons by Production Type (Full Production) and Volume



4 Industry Description and Performance by Winery Size



Water use (Full Production Wineries) for Winery size of 200k - 1m L (L/L wine)



Prepared by:
Andrew Barber
Agrilink & The AgriBusiness Group
agrib@agribusinessgroup.com



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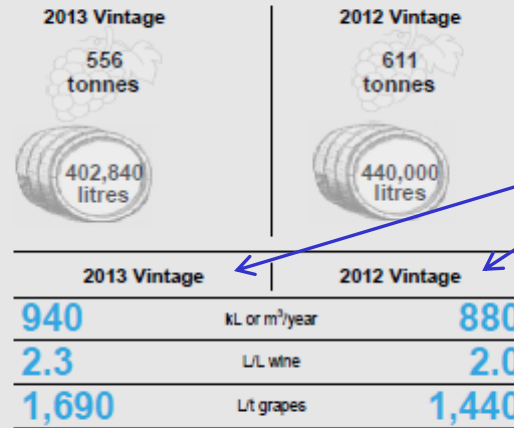
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1 Quantity of production and winery water use



Your performance compared to the previous vintage

2 Number of Full Production Wineries



3 Winery Comparisons by Production Type (Full Production) and Volume



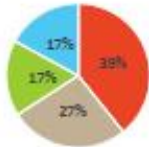
Links to learning resources

Your performance compared to the same sized wineries



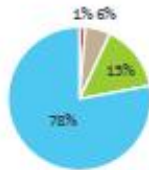
4 Industry Description and Performance by Winery Size

By Number of Wineries



- < 200k L
- 200k - 1m L
- 1m - 4m L
- > 4m L

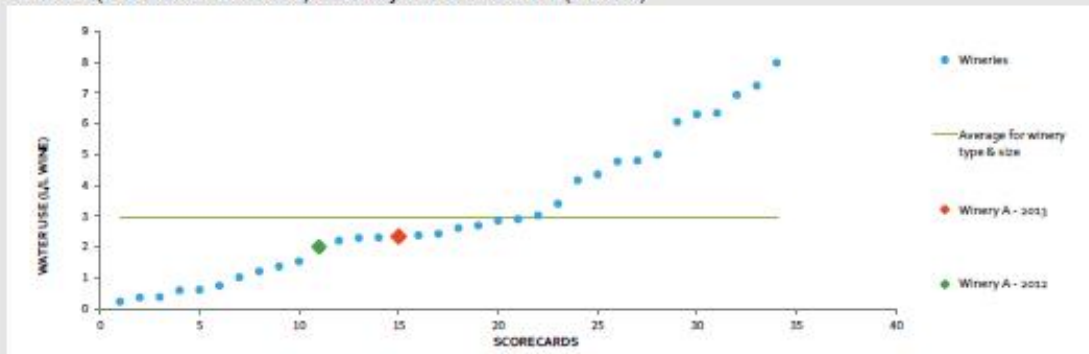
By Total Production



Full Production Wineries Water Use



Water use (Full Production Wineries) for Winery size of 200k - 1m L (L/L wine)



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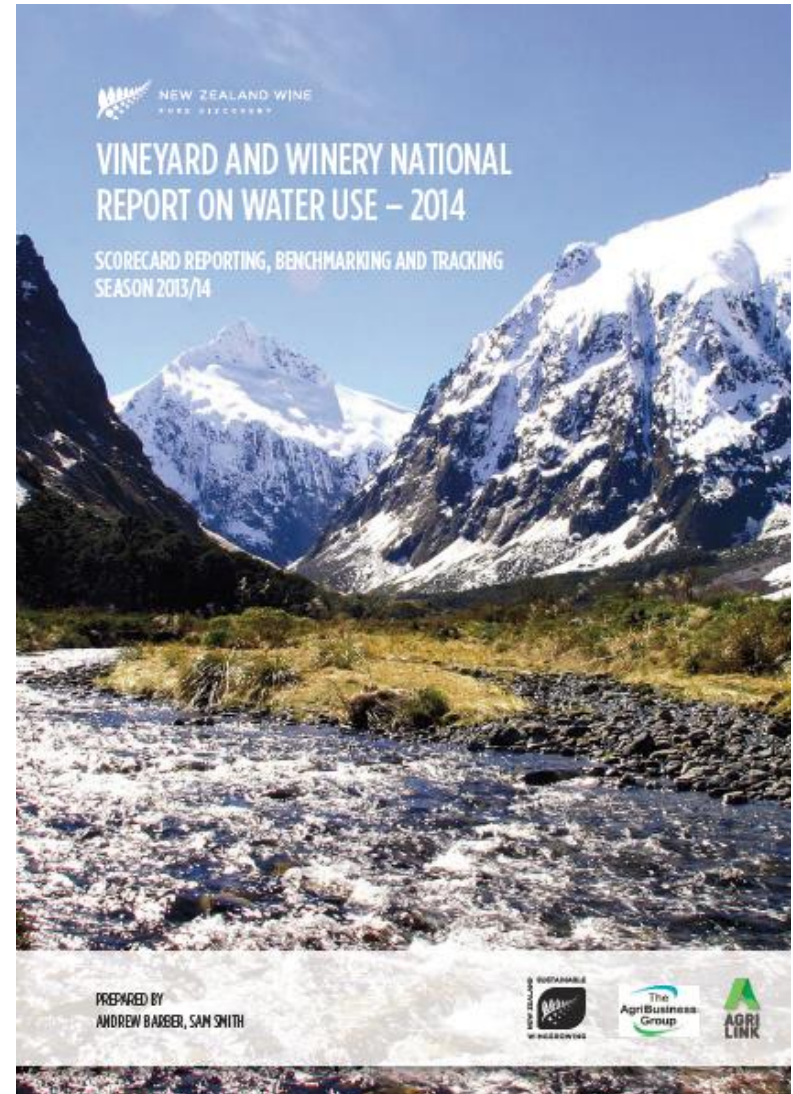
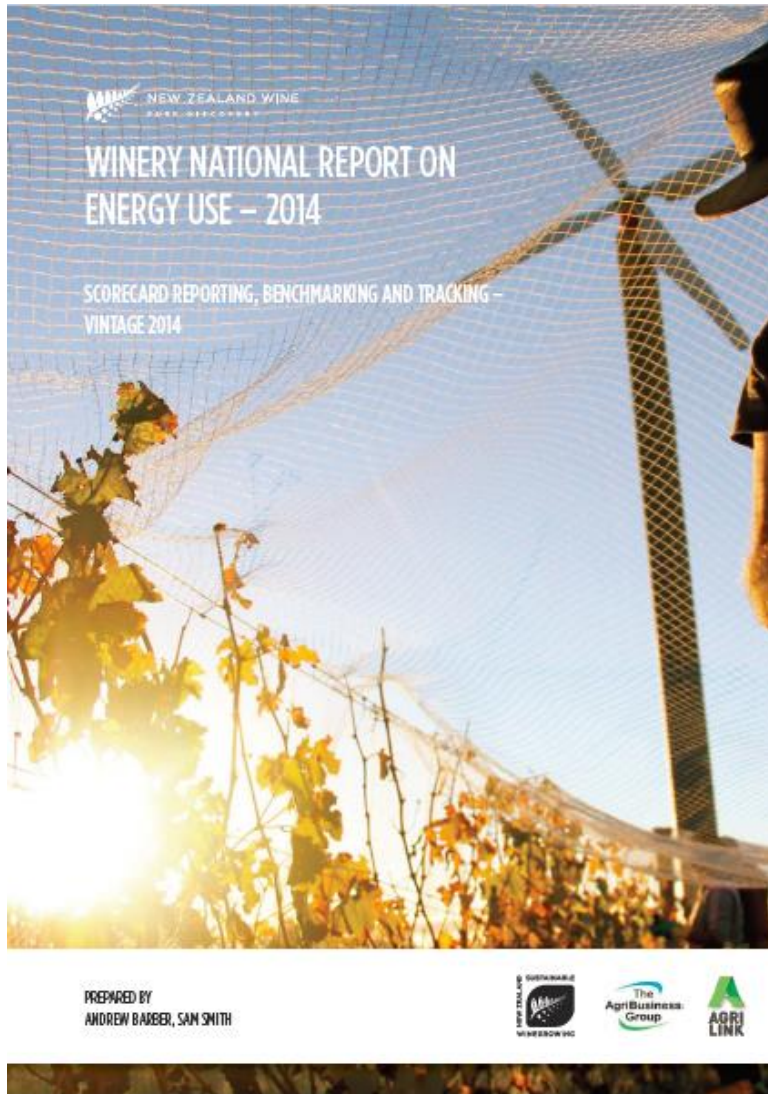
Your performance compared to the spread of same sized wineries



Electronic Dashboards



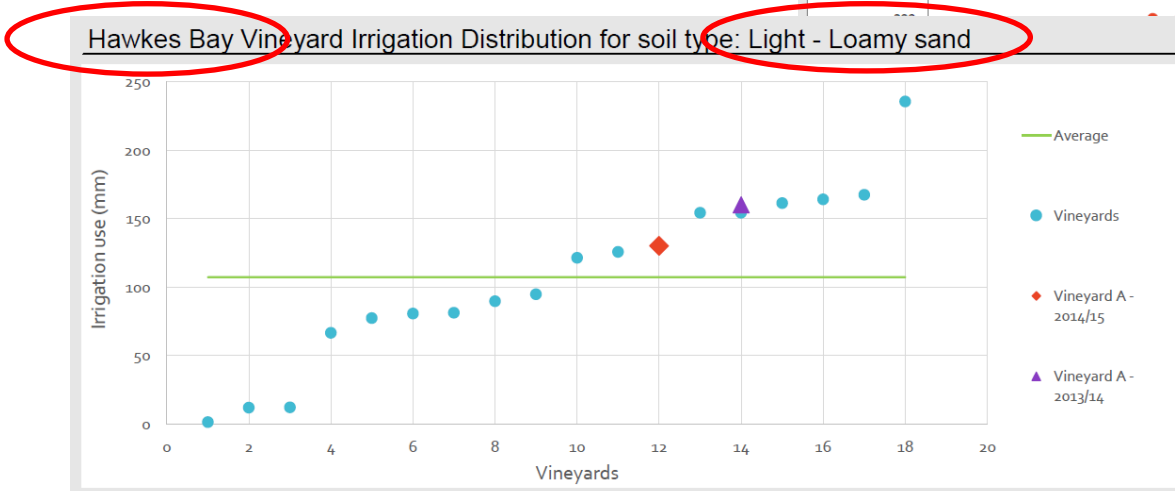
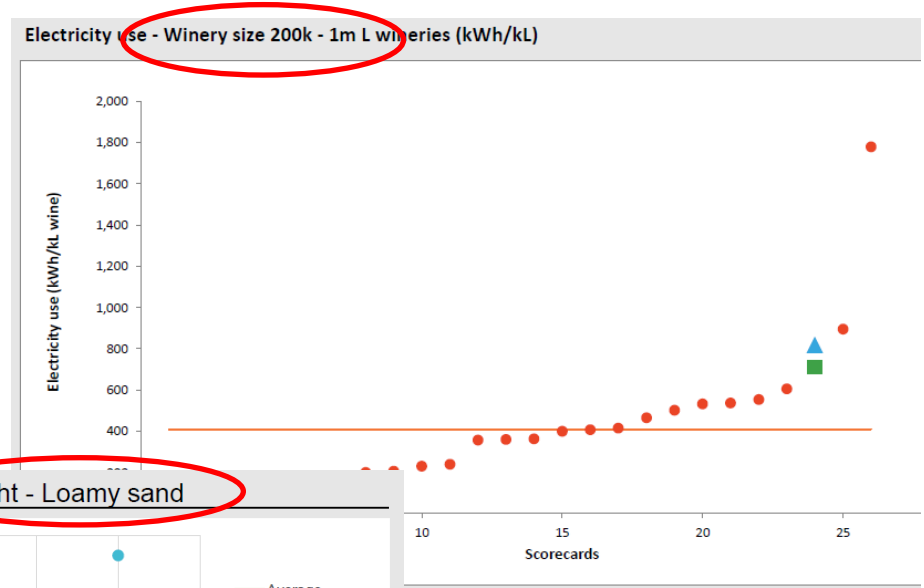
Developing the Industries Story



Setting targets vs benchmarks

Previously we have set tuned benchmarks

- Winery size
- Vineyard region and soil type



Aspirational Goal Dilemma

- 🌀 Setting ambitious targets and potentially having to admit failure, versus
- 🌀 Achieving an unambitious target with time to spare
- 🌀 Getting close to an ambitious target has a bigger overall impact
- 🌀 However failing is often a bigger story



Putting in realistic numbers

- 🌀 The use of sustainable renewable energy is **maximised**
- 🌀 100% renewable energy sources
- 🌀 Sounds wonderful but isn't realistic for the industry
- 🌀 Sounds wonderful and can/will be achieved by a winery



Wineries leading the way

- 🌀 Mt Difficulty Wines use a wood burning boiler
- 🌀 Yealands Winery use pruning boilers, wind turbines and solar panels. Meeting 15 – 20% of their needs and targeting 50%



Built the baseline and 2 scenarios

Winery – Renewable energy

- 🌀 Baseline: 81% renewable energy sources
- 🌀 Scenario 1 - 50% off-grid: 90% renewable
- 🌀 Scenario 2 - 100% renewable sources

Industry Targets (Winery)	Baseline	Scenario 1	Scenario 2
81%	100%	0%	0%
85%	60%	30%	10%
90%	20%	60%	20%



Vineyards – Renewable energy

- 🌀 Baseline: 18% renewable energy sources
- 🌀 Scenario 1 – biofuel + 50% off-grid: 24%
- 🌀 Scenario 2 – 100% renewable sources

Industry Targets (Vineyard)	Baseline	Scenario 1	Scenario 2
18%	100%	0%	0%
23%	75%	20%	5%
33%	35%	50%	15%



Overall industry

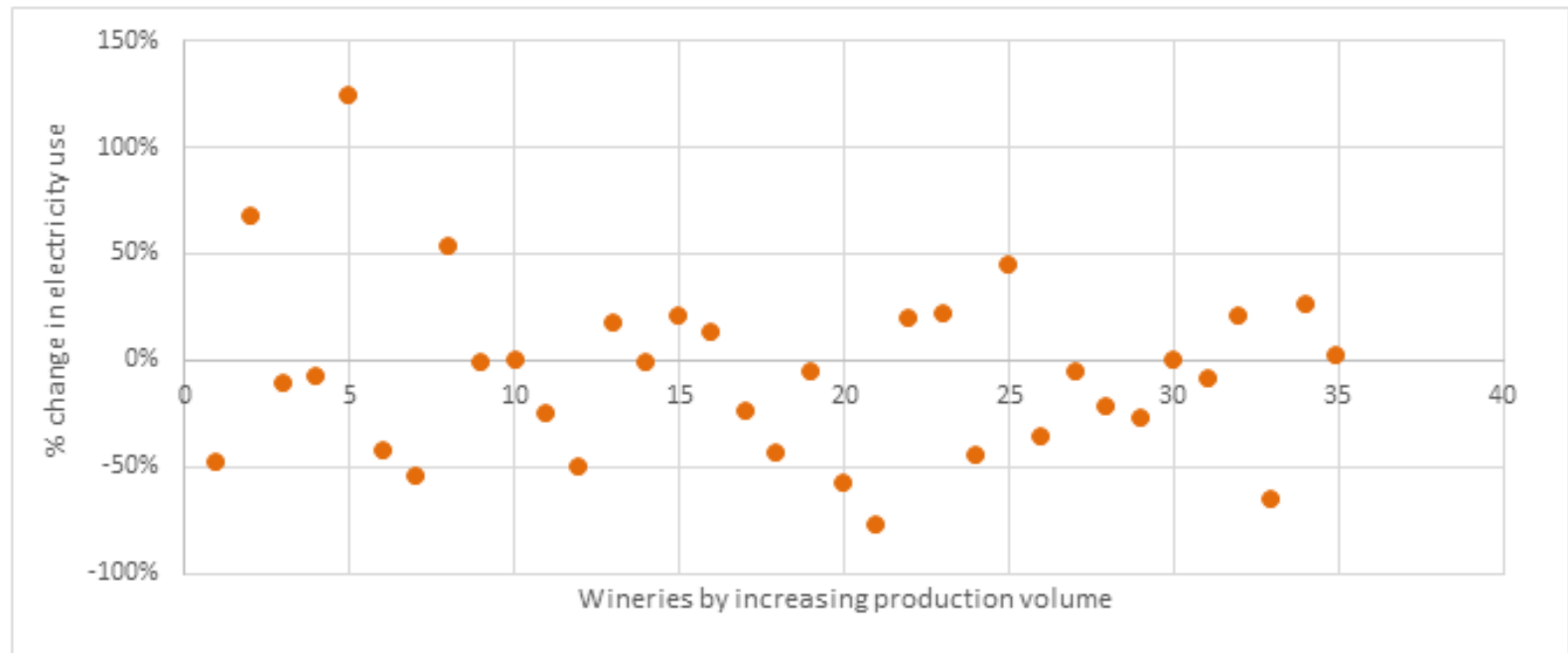
Industry Targets	Date	Vineyard	Winery
43%	Now	18%	81%
46%	2040	19%	86%
56%	2075	34%	90%

- 🌀 100% renewable energy sources
- 🌀 Individuals yes
- 🌀 Anything over 50% is a considerable stretch for the whole industry



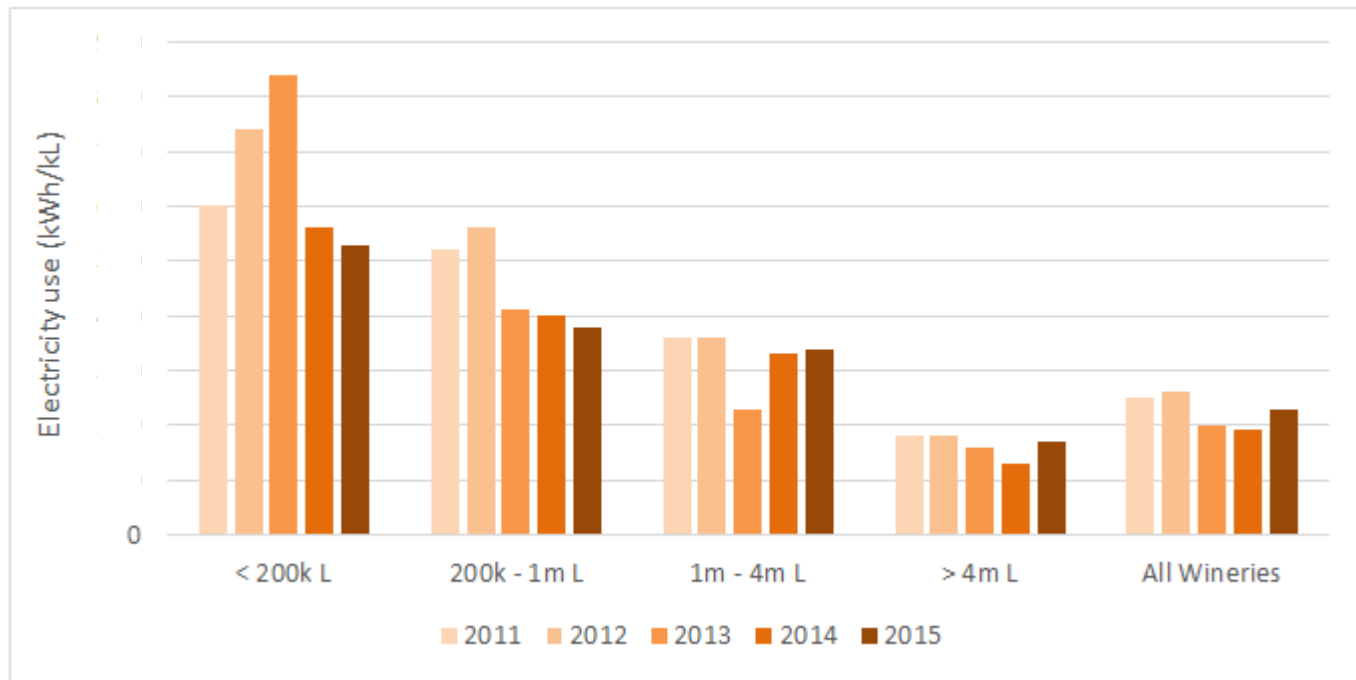
Energy Efficiency

🌀 Winery size does not affect change



Energy Use

Knowing historical performance informs our future



Informed Aspirational Goals

- 🌀 The median NZ winery has been achieving energy savings of 1% per year
- 🌀 Top 25% achieved savings of at least 7% and averaged 10% savings per year
- 🌀 The whole industry has achieved 4% savings per year (18% since 2011)



Informed Aspirational Goals

- 🌀 An aspirational industry goal might be, 5% per year, or 20% by 2020
- 🌀 Still recognising and celebrating those that soar much higher.



The Next Stage



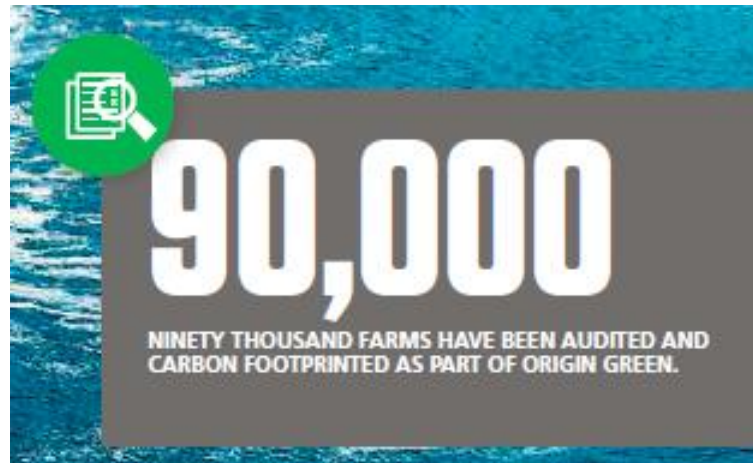
Working with nature



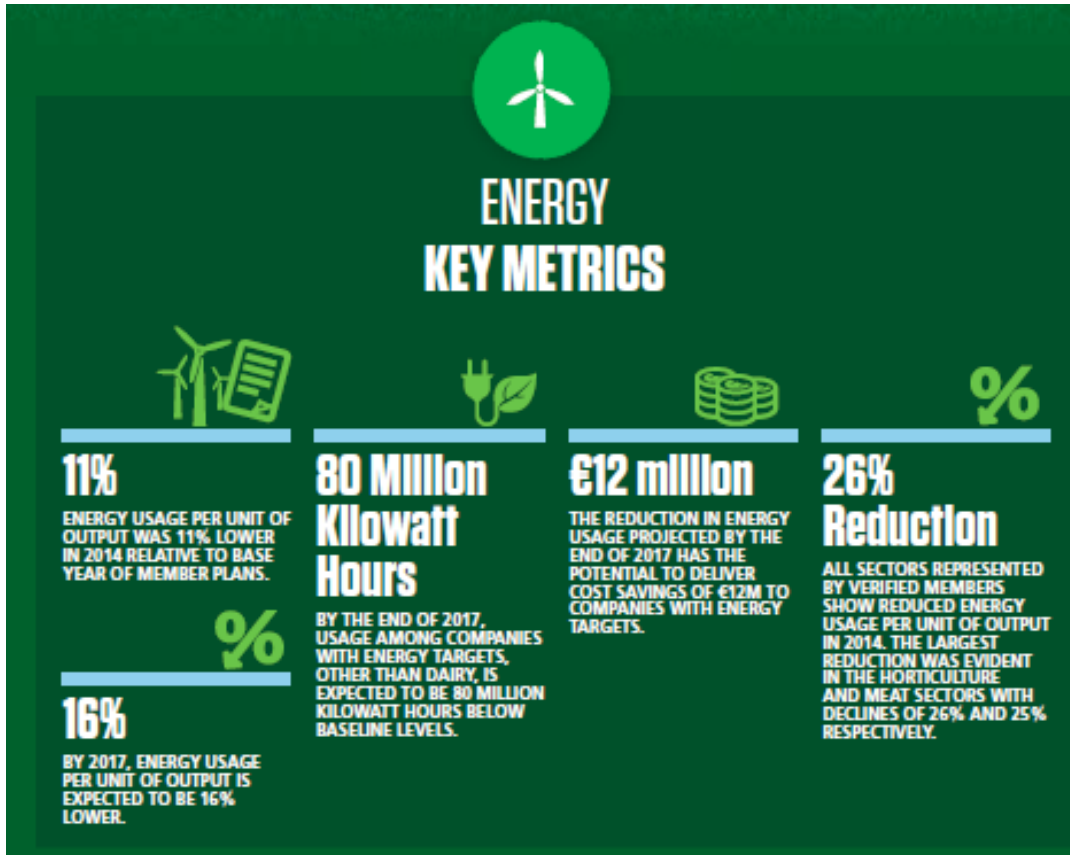
Origin Green Sustainability Measures



Staggering / Aspirational Numbers



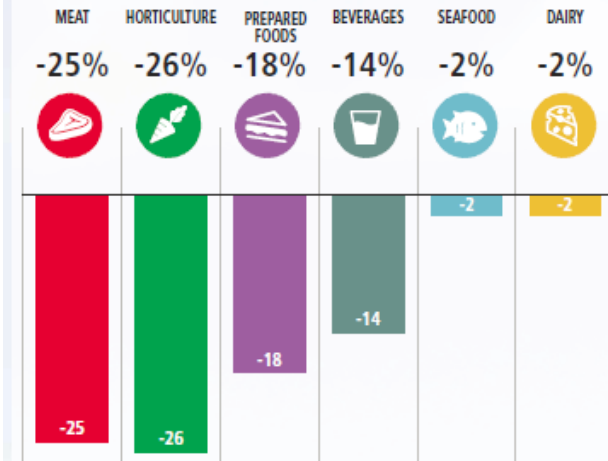
Energy Use



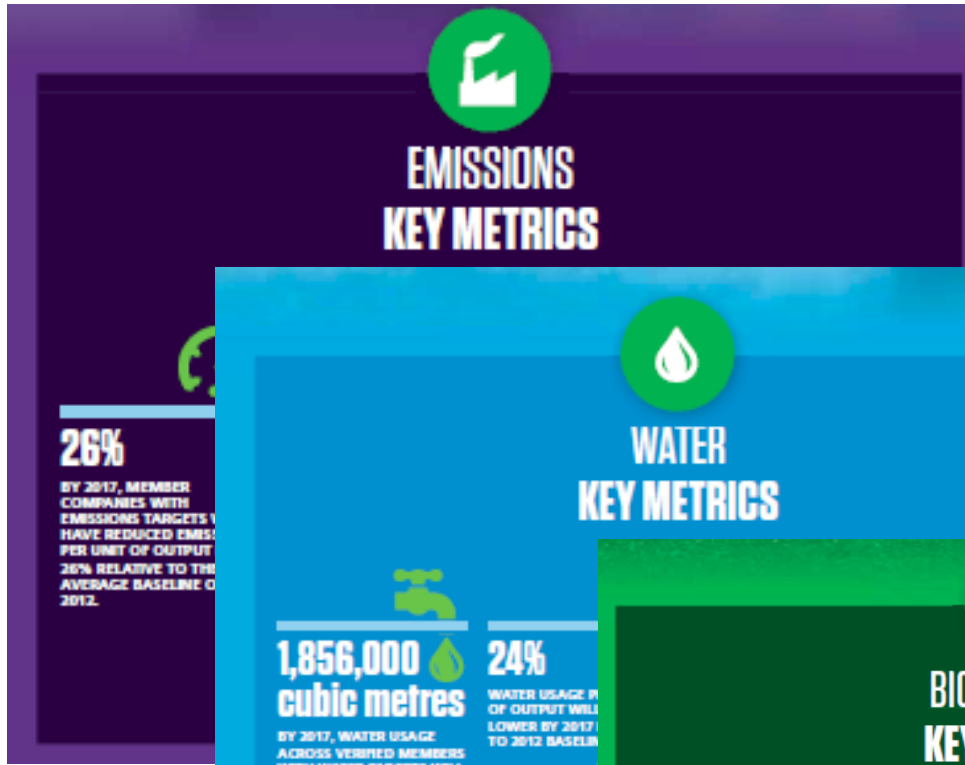
Performance by sector

All sectors represented by verified members show reduced energy usage per unit of output in 2014. The largest reduction was evident in the Horticulture and Meat sectors with declines of 26% and 25% respectively. Despite increased levels of production in the dairy industry, a reduction of 2% was recorded over the period.

TRENDS IN ENERGY USAGE PER UNIT OF OUTPUT (% CHANGE 2014 VS. BASE YEAR*)



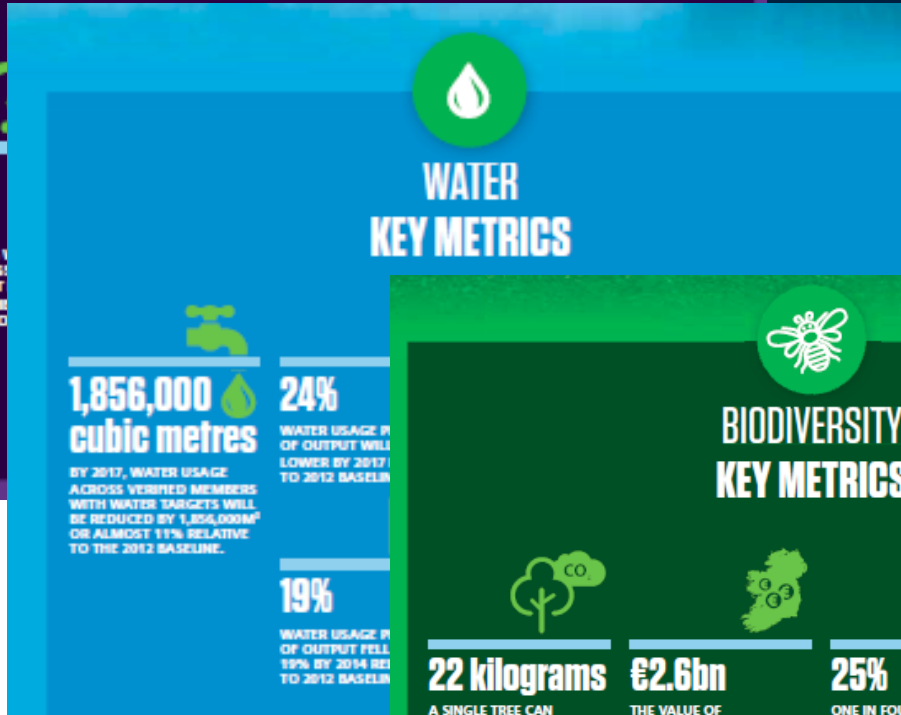
Right across the board



**EMISSIONS
KEY METRICS**

26%

BY 2017, MEMBER COMPANIES WITH EMISSIONS TARGETS HAVE REDUCED EMISSIONS PER UNIT OF OUTPUT 26% RELATIVE TO THE AVERAGE BASELINE OF 2012.



**WATER
KEY METRICS**

1,856,000 cubic metres

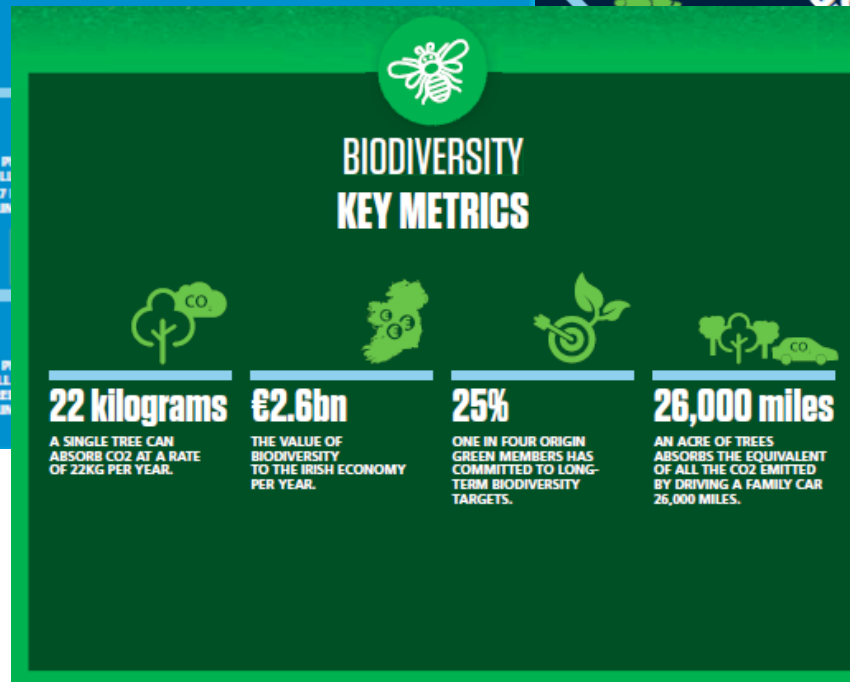
BY 2017, WATER USAGE ACROSS VERIFIED MEMBERS WITH WATER TARGETS WILL BE REDUCED BY 1,856,000M³ OR ALMOST 11% RELATIVE TO THE 2012 BASELINE.

24%

WATER USAGE PER UNIT OF OUTPUT WILL BE LOWER BY 2017/18 TO 2012 BASELINE.

19%

WATER USAGE PER UNIT OF OUTPUT FELL 19% BY 2014 RELATIVE TO 2012 BASELINE.



**BIODIVERSITY
KEY METRICS**

22 kilograms

A SINGLE TREE CAN ABSORB CO₂ AT A RATE OF 22KG PER YEAR.

€2.6bn

THE VALUE OF BIODIVERSITY TO THE IRISH ECONOMY PER YEAR.

25%

ONE IN FOUR ORIGIN GREEN MEMBERS HAS COMMITTED TO LONG-TERM BIODIVERSITY TARGETS.

26,000 miles

AN ACRE OF TREES ABSORBS THE EQUIVALENT OF ALL THE CO₂ EMITTED BY DRIVING A FAMILY CAR 26,000 MILES.



**SOCIAL SUSTAINABILITY
KEY METRICS**



National Dashboard

High level benchmarking of all sectors
=> generic and standardised indicators and measures

National Users



Aggregation and Reporting



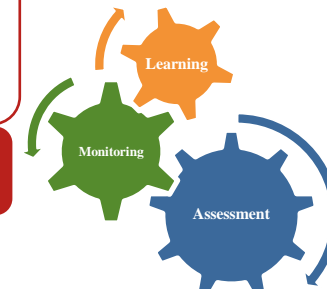
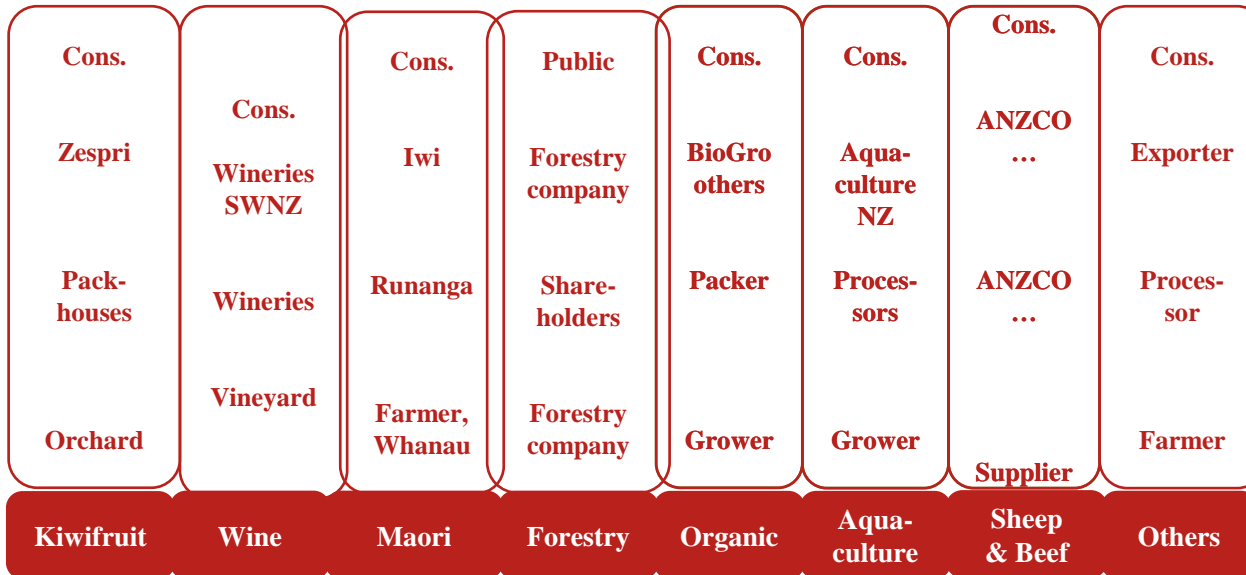
Standardised Data Collection

Consumers

Distributor and/or Exporter

Processing

Farmers/Growers



Specific Dashboards

Per sector – Assessment, Monitoring and Reporting, Learning tools (indicators and measures)



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